## Morth Garolina <br> State Health Plan



# 2017 Benefit Design Changes 

Board of Trustees Meeting
May 13, 2016

A Division of the Department of State Treasurer

## Presentation Overview

- Membership by Plan Option
- Recommended Benefit Design Changes for 2017
- Impact on Actuarial Forecast
- Actuarial Value of Recommended Plan Options
- Member Cost Sharing Scenarios
- Lowest Cost Plan/Optimized Enrollment Analysis
- Appendix

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2. February 5, 2016 Board Actions
3. Comprehensive Plan Comparison
4. Blue Options Designated Providers
5. Summary of Options Considered

## Membership by Plan Option



## Recommended Benefit Design Changes for 2017

## Recommended Benefit Design - CDHP 85/15 (no change)

|  | Current <br> CY 2016 <br> Non-Grandfathered | Recommended CY 2017 <br> Non-Grandfathered |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Base Premium | N/A | N/A |
| Deductible HRA | $\begin{gathered} \$ 1,500 \\ \$ 600 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 1,500 \\ \$ 600 \end{gathered}$ |
| Coinsurance Percentage | 15\% | 15\% |
| ACA Preventive Services | Covered at 100\% | Covered at 100\% |
| Medical Coinsurance Max Pharmacy Max | N/A N/A | N/A N/A |
| Out of Pocket Max (Includes Deductible) | \$3,500 | \$3,500 |
| Selected PCP <br> Non-selected PCP | Ded/Coins. + 25 HRA credit Ded/Coins. | Ded/Coins. + \$25 HRA credit Ded/Coins. |
| B.O.D. Specialist. Non-B.O.D. Specialist | Ded/Coins. + \$20 HRA credit Ded/Coins. | Ded/Coins. + \$20 HRA credit Ded/Coins. |
| Inpatient Hospital B.O.D Non-B.O.D. | Ded/Coins. + \$200 HRA Credit Ded/Coins. | Ded/Coins. + \$200 HRA Credit Ded/Coins. |
| Outpatient Hospital | Deductible/Coinsurance | Deductible/Coinsurance |
| Urgent Care | Deductible/Coinsurance | Deductible/Coinsurance |
| ER Copay | Deductible/Coinsurance | Deductible/Coinsurance |
| Drugs | Ded/Coins. <br> CDHP Maintenance Medications are deductible exempt | Ded/Coins. <br> CDHP Maintenance Medications are deductible exempt |

## Recommended Benefit Design - Enhanced 80/20 Plan

|  | Current <br> CY 2016 <br> Grandfathered | Recommended CY 2017 <br> Alternate Value Based Design Non-Grandfathered |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Base Premium | \$24.20 | \$24.20 |
| Deductible | \$700 | \$1,250 |
| Coinsurance Percentage | 20\% | 20\% |
| ACA Preventive Coverage | Covered at 100\% | Covered at 100\% |
| Medical Coinsurance Max Pharmacy Max | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 3,210 \\ & \$ 2,500 \end{aligned}$ | N/A |
| Combined Out-of-Pocket Max <br> Medical Out-of-Pocket Max <br> Pharmacy Out-of-Pocket Max (Includes <br> Deductible) | N/A | $\begin{gathered} \text { N/A } \\ \$ 4,350 \\ \$ 2,500 \end{gathered}$ |
| Selected PCP <br> Non-selected PCP | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \$ 15 \\ & \$ 30 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \$ 10 \\ & \$ 25 \end{aligned}$ |
| B.O.D. Specialist. Non-B.O.D. Specialist | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 60 \\ & \$ 70 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 45 \\ & \$ 85 \end{aligned}$ |
| Inpatient Hospital B.O.D Non-B.O.D. | \$0, then Ded/Coins. \$233, then Ded/Coins. | \$0, then Ded/Coins. \$450, then Ded/Coins. |
| Outpatient Hospital | Deductible/Coinsurance | Deductible/Coinsurance |
| Urgent Care | \$87 | \$70 |
| ER (Copay waived w/ admission or observation stay) | \$233, then Ded/Coins. | \$300, then Ded/Coins. |
| Drugs <br> Tier 1 (Generic) <br> Tier 2 (Preferred Brand \& High-cost Generic) <br> Tier 3 (Non-preferred Brand) <br> Tier 4 (Low-cost/Generic Specialty) <br> Tier 5 (Preferred Specialty) <br> Tier 6 (Non-preferred Specialty) | $\$ 12$ $\$ 40$ $\$ 64$ N/A $25 \%$ up to $\$ 100$ $25 \%$ up to $\$ 132$ | $\$ 5$ $\$ 30$ Deductible/Coinsurance $\$ 100$ $\$ 250$ Deductible/Coinsurance |

## Recommended Benefit Design - Traditional 70/30 Plan

|  | Current <br> CY 2016 <br> Grandfathered | Recommended CY 2017 <br> Grandfathered |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Base Premium | N/A | N/A |
| Deductible | \$1,054 | \$1,080 |
| Coinsurance Percentage | 30\% | 30\% |
| ACA Preventive Services | Cost-Sharing Applies | Cost-Sharing Applies |
| Medical Coinsurance Max Pharmacy Max Out of Pocket Max | $\begin{gathered} \$ 4,282 \\ \$ 3,294 \\ \text { N/A } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 4,388 \\ \$ 3,360 \\ \text { N/A } \end{gathered}$ |
| PCP Copay | \$39 | \$40 |
| Specialist Copay | \$92 | \$94 |
| Inpatient Hospital | \$329, then Ded/Coins. | \$337, then Ded/Coins. |
| Outpatient Hospital | Deductible/Coinsurance | Deductible/Coinsurance |
| Urgent Care | \$98 | \$100 |
| ER (Copay waived w/ admission or observation stay) | \$329, then Ded/Coins. | \$337, then Ded/Coins. |
| Drugs <br> Tier 1 (Generic) <br> Tier 2 (Preferred Brand \& High-cost Generic) <br> Tier 3 (Non-preferred Brand) <br> Tier 4 (Low-cost/Generic Specialty) <br> Tier 5 (Preferred Specialty) <br> Tier 6 (Non-preferred Specialty) | $\$ 15$ $\$ 46$ $\$ 72$ N/A $25 \%$ up to $\$ 100$ $25 \%$ up to $\$ 132$ | Approved 2-5-16 $\$ 16$ $\$ 47$ $\$ 74$ $10 \%$ up to $\$ 100$ $25 \%$ up to $\$ 103$ $25 \%$ up to $\$ 133$ |

## Impact on Actuarial Forecast

## Baseline Forecast

|  |  |  | New PBM Contract * Open Formulary (current arrangement) |  | New PBM Contract * Closed Formulary |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | ER | EE | ER | EE | ER | EE |
| CY 2017 Projected Increase | 0.00\% | 0.00\% | 0.00\% | 0.00\% | 0.00\% | 0.00\% |
| Max Amount Short of $20 \%$ Reserve ( $1^{\text {st }}$ Month short) | $\begin{gathered} \text { \$115.6 M } \\ \text { (March 2017) } \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { \$83.1 M } \\ \text { (April 2017) } \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \$ 72.0 \mathrm{M} \\ \text { (May 2017) } \end{gathered}$ |  |
| CY 2018 Projected Increase | 15.21\% | 15.21\% | 12.71\% | 12.71\% | 11.91\% | 11.91\% |
| CY 2019 Projected Increase | 15.21\% | 15.21\% | 12.71\% | 12.71\% | 11.91\% | 11.91\% |
| CY 2020 Projected Increase | 4.82\% | 4.82\% | 6.02\% | 6.02\% | 6.45\% | 6.45\% |
| CY 2021 Projected Increase | 4.82\% | 4.82\% | 6.02\% | 6.02\% | 6.45\% | 6.45\% |

```
ER = employer contribution, EE = employee premium
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*Assumes 100\% of the projected savings for discount guarantees and $50 \%$ of the projected savings for pharmacy rebates; savings begin to accrue one month after 1/1/2017 start of contract

## Forecast Scenarios: Open Formulary \& Benefit Changes

|  | New PBM Contract * Open Formulary (current arrangement) |  | With Recommended Benefit Changes |  | With Recommended Benefit Changes \& Increased Contributions |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | ER | EE | ER | EE | ER | EE |
| CY 2017 Projected Increase | 0.00\% | 0.00\% | 0.0\% | 0.00\% | 3.43\% | 3.43\% |
| Max Amount Short of 20\% Reserve ( $1^{\text {st }}$ Month short) | $\begin{gathered} \$ 83.1 \mathrm{M} \\ \text { (April 2017) } \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \$ 52.7 \mathrm{M} \\ \text { (May 2017) } \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \$ 8.3 \mathrm{M} \\ \text { (May 2017) } \end{gathered}$ <br> End FY above threshold |  |
| CY 2018 Projected Increase | 12.71\% | 12.71\% | 9.97\% | 9.97\% | 6.48\% | 6.48\% |
| CY 2019 Projected Increase | 12.71\% | 12.71\% | 9.97\% | 9.97\% | 6.48\% | 6.48\% |
| CY 2020 Projected Increase | 6.02\% | 6.02\% | 7.70\% | 7.70\% | 9.90\% | 9.90\% |
| CY 2021 Projected Increase | 6.02\% | 6.02\% | 7.70\% | 7.70\% | 9.90\% | 9.90\% |

$E R=$ employer contribution, $E E=$ employee premium
*Assumes $100 \%$ of the projected savings for discount guarantees and $50 \%$ of the projected savings for pharmacy rebates; savings begin to accrue one month after 1/1/2017 start of contract

## Reserve for Future Benefits Needs with Open Formulary

|  | New PBM Contract * Open Formulary (current arrangement) |  | Without Release of Reserve Funds |  | With Release of Reserve Funds |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | ER | EE | ER | EE | ER | EE |
| CY 2017 Projected Increase | 0.00\% | 0.00\% | (3.35\%) | 0.00\% | 3.43\% | 3.43\% |
| Max Amount Short of $20 \%$ Reserve ( $1^{\text {st }}$ Month short) | $\begin{gathered} \text { \$83.1 M } \\ \text { (April 2017) } \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \$ 127.1 \mathrm{M} \\ \text { (March 2017) } \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \$ 35.6 \text { M } \\ \text { (May 2017) } \end{gathered}$ |  |
| CY 2018 Projected Increase | 12.71\% | 12.71\% | 15.74\% | 15.74\% | 9.19\% | 9.19\% |
| CY 2019 Projected Increase | 12.71\% | 12.71\% | 15.74\% | 15.74\% | 9.19\% | 9.19\% |
| CY 2020 Projected Increase | 6.02\% | 6.02\% | 4.33\% | 4.33\% | 8.12\% | 8.12\% |
| CY 2021 Projected Increase | 6.02\% | 6.02\% | 4.33\% | 4.33\% | 8.12\% | 8.12\% |

$E R=$ employer contribution, $E E=$ employee premium
*Assumes $100 \%$ of the projected savings for discount guarantees and $50 \%$ of the projected savings for pharmacy rebates; savings begin to accrue one month after 1/1/2017 start of contract

## Contributions to Reduction in Projected Premium Increase



Allocation of 8.73\% Point Reduction for CYs 2018 and 2019


## Actuarial Values

## Plan Share of Total Costs/Actuarial Values

| Active Employee and Non-Medicare Retiree Plan Options | CY 2014 <br> Actual <br> Plan Share | CY 2015 Actual Plan Share | CY 2016 <br> Actuarial Values | CY 2017 <br> Actuarial <br> Values <br> Staff <br> Recommendation |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| CDHP 85/15 | 91\% | 89\% | Engaged 86.3\% Non 85.5\% | Engaged 86.3\% Non 85.5\% |
| Enhanced 80/20 | 83\% | 84\% | Engaged 82.5\% Non 81.4\% | Engaged 82:2\% Non 78.7\% |
| Traditional 70/30 | 77\% | 79\%* | 75.0\% | 74.7\% |

*Reflects a revision from the cost-sharing reported at the April $27^{\text {th }}$ Board meeting.

| ACA Public Exchange <br> Metal Category | Average Plan <br> Cost Share |
| :---: | :---: |
| Bronze | $60 \%$ |
| Silver | $70 \%$ |
| Gold | $80 \%$ |
| Platinum | $90 \%$ |

## Member Cost Sharing Scenarios: Active Employees

## Member Scenarios - Meet Holly

A State Health Plan member with two children covered on her plan trying to decide which plan is right for her and her family.

- As an active employee, she has three plan options:
- Consumer-Directed Health Plan
- Enhanced 80/20 Plan
- Traditional 70/30 Plan
- A typical year of medical and pharmacy services for Holly and her children might include the following:
- 3 Preventive Care Visits with PCP
- 2 Additional Primary Care Visits
- 1 Specialist Visit
- 2 Urgent Care Visits
- 1 Monthly Maintenance Prescription (Tier 1, ACA Preventive Medication)

- 1 Tier 1 Prescription


## Holly's Projected Health Care Costs for 2017

| Annual Member Costs | Traditional <br> $70 / 30$ <br> Plan | Enhanced <br> $80 / 20$ Plan | CDHP <br> $85 / 15$ | Holly's <br> lowest-cost |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| If Holly's "Engaged"* |  |  |  |  |
| option |  |  |  |  |

- The CDHP has lower dependent premiums, and Holly's projected 2017 out-of-pocket costs are less than the initial CDHP starting balance of $\$ 1,800$. The CDHP is Holly's best option.
- A willingness to engage in healthy activities and to use selected PCPs and Blue Options Designated providers reduces member out-of-pocket costs in the CDHP and Enhanced 80/20.
*An "engaged member" has completed all wellness activities to receive premium credits and uses their selected PCP and Blue Options Designated providers. A "non-engaged member" has earned no premium credits and does not use a selected PCP or Blue Options Designated providers.
**Holly's HRA will cover all of her out-of-pocket expenses, and Holly could have an estimated $\$ 1,200$ in her HRA to use in 2018 if she is engaged or approximately $\$ 930$ if she is not.


## Member Scenario Cost Detail - Active Employee Holly



Red numbers in the Unit Copay/Cost column indicate a copayment amount.
Green numbers in the Unit Copay/Cost column indicate estimated actual allowed cost for a service that could be subject to copay (in 70/30 and 80/20), deductible, and/or coinsurance.

## Member Scenarios - Meet Pete

A State Health Plan member with employee-only coverage who visits doctors regularly and is trying to decide which plan is right for him.

- As an active employee, he has three plan options:
- Consumer-Directed Health Plan
- Enhanced 80/20 Plan
- Traditional 70/30 Plan
- A year of medical and pharmacy services for Pete might include:
- 1 Preventive Care Visit with PCP
- 3 Additional Primary Care Visits
- 2 Specialist Visits
- 2 Chiropractor Visits
- 1 Urgent Care Visit
- 4 Tier 1 Prescriptions
- 2 Tier 2 Prescriptions
"I don't have any major conditions, but I do get sick and visit the doctor more
often than I used to. I'm trying to determine how much I will have to pay



## Pete's Projected Health Care Costs for 2017

| Annual Member Costs | Traditional 70/30 Plan | Enhanced 80/20 Plan | $\begin{aligned} & \text { CDHP } \\ & 85 / 15 \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| If Pete is "Engaged"* |  |  |  |
| Premium Payments | \$0 | \$180 | \$0 |
| Out-of-Pocket Costs | \$750 | \$374 | \$638 |
| Engaged Member Total | \$750 | \$554 | \$638 |
| If Pete is "Non-Engaged"* |  |  |  |
| Premium Payments | \$480 | \$1,260 | \$960 |
| Out-of-Pocket Costs | \$750 | \$499 | \$903 |
| Non-Engaged Member Total | \$1,230 | \$1,759 | \$1,863 |

- Because he uses a relatively large number of services that are subject to copays in the 70/30 and 80/20 plans, Pete does best in the Enhanced 80/20 Plan if he is engaged, or the Traditional 70/30 if he is non-engaged.
- The year of services described for Pete would bring him to the $\$ 1,500$ deductible in the CDHP, so one major health event would likely make the CDHP a lower-cost option for him due to the lower coinsurance and the combined medical and pharmacy out-of-pocket maximum.

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## Member Scenario Cost Detail - Active Employee Pete



Red numbers in the Unit Copay/Cost column indicate a copayment amount. Green numbers in the Unit Copay/Cost column indicate estimated actual allowed cost for a service that could be subject to copay (in $70 / 30$ and 80/20), deductible, and/or coinsurance.
*CDHP costs by service depend on the timing of services. The numbers in the chart assume Pete's urgent care visit is the final
service of the year, and is therefore subject in part to the 15\% CDHP coinsurance.

## Member Scenarios - Meet Bentley

A State Health Plan member with employee-only coverage who has been diagnosed with diabetes and is trying to decide which plan is right for his chronic condition.

- As an active employee, he has three plan options:
- Consumer-Directed Health Plan
- Enhanced 80/20 Plan
- Traditional 70/30 Plan
- A year of medical and pharmacy services for Bentley might include:
- 1 Preventive Care Visit with PCP
- 4 Additional Primary Care Visits
- 3 Specialist Visits
- 1 Inpatient Hospitalization
- 2 Monthly Maintenance Prescriptions (Tier 1)*
- 1 Monthly Maintenance Prescription (Tier 2)*
- 1 Tier 1 Prescription

* Maintenance Prescriptions assumed to be on CDHP Preventive Medications List


## Bentley's Projected Health Care Costs for 2017

| Annual Member Costs | Traditional $70 / 30$ Plan | Enhanced 80/20 Plan | $\begin{aligned} & \text { CDHP } \\ & 85 / 15 \end{aligned}$ | Bentley's lowest-cost option |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| If Bentley is "Engaged"* |  |  |  |  |
| Premium Payments | \$0 | \$180 | \$0 |  |
| Out-of-Pocket Costs | \$6,038 | \$4,060 | \$2,170 | - |
| Engaged Member Total | \$6,038 | \$4,240 | \$2,170 |  |
| If Bentley is "Non-Engaged"* |  |  |  |  |
| Premium Payments | \$480 | \$1,260 | \$960 |  |
| Out-of-Pocket Costs | \$7,153 | \$4,835 | \$2,900 |  |
| Non-Engaged Member Total | \$7,633 | \$6,095 | \$3,860 |  |

- Because he is a high utilizer, Bentley is likely to reach the CDHP out-of-pocket maximum of \$3,500.
- Engaging with a health coach to manage his condition and using Blue Options Designated providers and his selected PCP could earn more than $\$ 700$ in additional HRA incentive funds, reducing Bentley's true out-of-pocket costs. (Using Blue Options Designated providers reduces member out-of-pocket costs in all the plan options.)
- Although there are fewer healthy activities to complete when enrolling in the Traditional 70/30 Plan, it would be a poor option for Bentley because of the high out-of-pocket costs.


## Member Scenario Cost Detail - Active Employee Bentley



Red numbers in the Unit Copay/Cost column indicate a copayment amount. Green numbers in the Unit Copay/Cost column indicate estimated actual allowed cost for a service that could be subject to copay (in 70/30 and 80/20), deductible, and/or coinsurance.
*Enhanced 80/20 and CDHP costs by service depend on the timing of services. The numbers in the chart assume a specific ordering of services until the deductible and out-of-pocket maximums are reached.

## Member Scenarios - Meet Maxine

A State Health Plan member with employee-only coverage who is on an expensive monthly specialty medication and is trying to decide which plan is right for her.

- As an active employee, she has three plan options:
- Consumer-Directed Health Plan
- Enhanced 80/20 Plan
- Traditional 70/30 Plan
- A year of medical and pharmacy services for Maxine might include:
- 1 Preventive Care Visit with PCP
- 3 Additional Primary Care Visits
- 6 Diagnostic Laboratory Tests as part of her PCP
 visits
- 1 Monthly Tier 1 Prescription
- 1 Monthly Tier 5 (Specialty) Prescription


## Maxine's Projected Health Care Costs for 2017

| Annual Member Costs | Traditional <br> $70 / 30$ <br> Plan | Enhanced <br> $80 / 20$ Plan | CDHP <br> $85 / 15$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| If Maxine is "Engaged"* |  |  |  |
| Premium Payments | $\$ 0$ | $\$ 180$ | $\$ 0$ |
| Out-of-Pocket Costs | $\$ 1,588$ | $\$ 2,530$ | $\$ 2,675$ |
| Engaged Member Total | $\$ 1,588$ | $\$ 2,710$ | $\$ 2,675$ |
| If Maxine is "Non-Engaged"* |  |  |  |
| Premium Payments | $\$ 480$ | $\$ 1,260$ | $\$ 960$ |

- Because she takes an expensive specialty medication that has a lower copay in the Traditional 70/30 Plan, Maxine does best in that plan.
- On the Enhanced 80/20 Plan, Maxine hits her pharmacy out-of-pocket maximum of $\$ 2,500$, but she still has higher cost-sharing in that plan than in the Traditional 70/30 Plan.
- On the CDHP, Maxine would quickly reach her deductible and would hit her out-of-pocket maximum before finishing the year because of the high cost of the specialty drug she takes.
*An "engaged member" has completed all wellness activities to receive premium credits and uses their selected PCP and Blue Options Designated providers. A "non-engaged member" has earned no premium credits and does not use a selected PCP or Blue Options Designated providers.


## Member Scenario Cost Detail - Active Employee Maxine



Red numbers in the Unit Copay/Cost column indicate a copayment amount. Green numbers in the Unit Copay/Cost column indicate estimated actual allowed cost for a service that could be subject to copay (in 70/30 and 80/20), deductible, and/or coinsurance.
*Enhanced 80/20 and CDHP costs by service depend on the timing of services. The numbers in the chart assume a specific ordering of services until the deductible and out-of-pocket maximums are reached.

## Lowest Cost Plan/Optimized Enrollment Analysis

## Analysis of Lowest Cost Plan Option

- Conducted by The Segal Company to determine which plan design would have resulted in the lowest cost for each member in Calendar Year 2014 (i.e. optimal enrollment)
- Analyzed CY 2014 incurred claims paid through January 2016
- Active Employees, Non-Medicare Retirees, and COBRA Members
- Members continuously enrolled during CY 2014
- Total of 334,220 subscribers in the analysis, including subscribers from all coverage tiers (employee/retiree only, employee/retiree and family, etc.)
- Results determined two ways:

1. With member contributions/premiums
2. Without member contributions/premiums

## Analysis of Lowest Cost Plan Option

## Initial Summary Points

- Absent employee premiums (looking solely at member cost sharing for services received/delivered), the CDHP (61\%) and Enhanced 80/20 (39\%) were the better plan options for members
- No member would have fared better in the Traditional 70/30
- Not surprising given benefit designs
- Consistent with the comparative analysis Segal conducted looking at the relative and actuarial values of the plan offerings
- With premiums factored in (looking at the full cost of coverage for members), the CDHP was the best option for the highest proportion of members (71\%) with the Traditional 70/30 being the second best choice (20\%)
- Only 9\% of members were better off in the Enhanced 80/20


## High Level Results of Analysis



## Lowest Cost Option by Selected Plan

Optimal Enrollment Resulting in Lowest Cost to Members including Premiums


Lowest Cost Option for Traditional 70/30 Subscribers

$$
(\mathrm{n}=334,220)
$$

Lowest Cost Option for Enhanced 80/20 Subscribers

70/30
Lowest Cost
Option for CDHP

$$
(\mathrm{n}=158,617)
$$



## Potential Savings in Lowest Cost Option



## Key Takeaways from Analysis

- Members enrolled in the CDHP did the best job of anticipating their health care needs/expenses and selecting a plan
- Members were least successful at appropriately valuing the Enhanced 80/20 Plan; just 15\% of Enhanced 80/20 Plan members were in the lowest-cost option
- 74\% of members in the Traditional 70/30 Plan and 68\% of members in the Enhanced 80/20 Plan would have spent less had they been in the CDHP
- Of those who could have saved money in the CDHP, 27\% of members in the 70/30 Plan and $38 \%$ of members in the 80/20 Plan could have saved more than $\$ 1,000$
- The CDHP was the lowest-cost option for $89 \%$ of the subscribers who carried dependents on the Plan
- Low cost members (under \$1,000 in paid claims) and high cost members (over \$10,000 in paid claims) fare the best in the CDHP
- Due to variations in service mix, the advantages of a particular plan option are less clear in the middle ranges of paid claims (more than $\$ 1,000$ but less than $\$ 10,000$ ) but the CDHP sometimes results in higher member cost share in this range
- The pharmacy benefit, which was the same in CY 2014 for the Traditional 70/30 and Enhanced $80 / 20$ plans, is driving a significant portion of the value and results between these two plans
- The two plans have since been further differentiated (effective January 1, 2016)


## Appendix

1. State Budget Special Provisions
2. February 5, 2016 Board Actions
3. Comprehensive Plan Comparison
4. Blue Options Designated Providers
5. Summary of Options Considered: Enhanced 80/20 Plan

## State Budget Special Provisions

## 2015 Appropriations Act, House Bill 97, SL 2015-241

SECTION 30.26. (a) It is the intent of the General Assembly to make funds in the Reserve for Future Benefits Needs available for increasing employer contributions to the State Health Plan for Teachers and State Employees during the 2016-2017 fiscal year only if the General Assembly determines that the State Treasurer and the Board of Trustees established under G.S. 135-48.20 have adopted sufficient measures to limit projected employer contribution increases during the 2017-2019 fiscal biennium, in accordance with their powers and duties enumerated in Article 3B of Chapter 135 of the General Statutes.

SECTION 30.26.(b) During the 2015-2017 fiscal biennium, the State Health Plan for Teachers and State Employees shall maintain a cash reserve of at least twenty percent (20\%) of its annual costs. For purposes of this section, the term "cash reserve" means the total balance in the Public Employee Health Benefit Fund and the Health Benefit Reserve Fund established in G.S. 135-48.5 plus the Plan's administrative account, and the term "annual costs" means the total of all medical claims, pharmacy claims, administrative costs, fees, and premium payments for coverage outside of the Plan.

SECTION 30.26.(c) On and after January 1, 2016, if the State Health Plan for Teachers and State Employees projects a cash reserve of less than the minimum cash reserve required by this section at any time during the remainder of the 2015-2017 fiscal biennium, or the Fiscal Research Division of the General Assembly notifies the Plan that it projects such a deficiency, the Department of State Treasurer shall report to the Joint Legislative Commission on Governmental Operations within 60 days of that projection or notification on actions the Department plans to take in order to maintain that required minimum cash reserve.

## February 5, 2016 Board Actions

## Summary February 5 ${ }^{\text {th }}$ Board Actions - CY 2017

## Approved Items

1. Maintain same healthy activities to earn premium credits as previous year

- Apply tobacco attestation credit to Subscribers only
- PCP selection instead of PCMH
- Complete HA which includes biometric questions instead of seeking provider reported biometrics

2. Add low-cost generic specialty medications tier

- Reflects some increases in cost sharing on pharmacy tiers in Traditional 70/30 and Enhanced 80/20


## Delayed Items (until May $1^{\text {st }}$ )

1. Increases in cost sharing on Traditional 70/30 and Enhanced 80/20 options
2. Modify base premium strategy

- Increase base premium for Enhanced 80/20 to \$35 (currently \$24.20)
- Establish base premium on other options:
- \$10 CDHP
- \$15 Traditional 70/30

Items in red can no longer be implemented for CY 2017

## CY 2017 Healthy Activities \& Premium Credits

| Healthy Activity | CDHP <br> $85 / 15$ | Enhanced <br> $80 / 20$ | Traditional <br> $70 / 30$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Non-Tobacco User or QuitlineNC Enrollment <br> (applies to subscriber only, attestation regarding <br> spousal tobacco use not required) | $\$ 40$ | $\$ 40$ | $\$ 40$ |
| Primary Care Provider Selection <br> (applies to subscriber and enrolled dependents) | $\$ 20$ | $\$ 25$ | N/A |
| Health Assessment Completion <br> (applies to subscriber only) | $\$ 20$ | $\$ 25$ | N/A |
| Total Credits Available | $\$ 80$ | $\$ 90$ | $\$ 40$ |

## Changes to Pharmacy Tiers

- In CY 2017 and beyond, generic/lower cost versions of specialty medications will be entering the market
- There will be two to three drugs entering in CY 2016
- Beginning in CY 2017, Plan staff recommends incenting members to utilize these lower cost medications by adding a new Tier Four which would incorporate these lower cost drugs
- The current Tier Four would shift to Tier Five
- The current Tier Five would shift to Tier Six

Board Approved Feb 5, 2016

## Changes to Pharmacy Tiers

## Traditional 70/30 Plan

| CY 2016 |  | CY 2017 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Tiers | Member Cost Share | Tiers | Member Cost Share |
| Tier 1 | \$15 | Tier 1 | \$16 |
| Tier 2 | \$46 | Tier 2 | \$47 |
| Tier 3 | \$72 | Tier 3 | \$74 |
| Tier 4 (Preferred Specialty) | 25\% up to \$100 | Tier 4 (Low-cost/Generic Specialty) | 10\% up to \$100 |
| Tier 5 (Non-preferred Specialty) | 25\% up to \$132 | Tier 5 (Preferred Specialty) | 25\% up to \$103 |
| Tier 6 | N/A | Tier 6 (Non-preferred Specialty) | 25\% up to \$133 |

## Enhanced 80/20 Plan

| CY 2016 |  | CY 2017 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Tiers | Member Cost Share | Tiers | Member Cost Share |
| Tier 1 | \$12 | Tier 1 | \$14 |
| Tier 2 | \$40 | Tier 2 | \$45 |
| Tier 3 | \$64 | Tier 3 | \$70 |
| Tier 4 (Preferred Specialty) | 25\% up to \$100 | Tier 4 (Low-cost/Generic Specialty) | 10\% up to \$100 |
| Tier 5 (Non-preferred Specialty) | 25\% up to \$132 | Tier 5 (Preferred Specialty) | 25\% up to \$103 |
| Tier 6 | N/A | Tier 6 (Non-preferred Specialty) | 25\% up to \$133 |

Board Approved Feb 5, 2016

## Comprehensive Plan Comparison: Recommended Benefit Options for 2017

## Determining Deductibles

There are four coverage tiers:

- Employee Only
- Employee and Child
- Employee and Spouse
- Employee and Family


## In-Network

Traditionally the annual deductible for family has been three times the individual deductible (e.g. $\$ 700 \times 3=\$ 2,100$ ). For the subscriber plus one (employee spouse or employee child) the deductibles accumulate individually for each and once met for that individual, Plan cost sharing begins.

## Out-of-Network (OON)

The annual OON deductible is two times the amount for in-network. For example, if the in-network individual deductible is $\$ 700$, the OON deductible is $\$ 1,400(\$ 700 \times 2)$ and for family it is $\$ 4,200(\$ 2,100 \times 2)$.

## Out-of-Pocket Maximums - Grandfathered Plans

## Grandfathered Plans

Traditionally, the grandfathered plans have had a coinsurance maximum, meaning the Plan pays $20 \%$ of eligible expenses after the deductible is met up to a maximum amount, at which point the Plan pays $100 \%$ of eligible expenses. However, the deductible did not apply toward the coinsurance maximum and even if the coinsurance maximum was met, a member was still responsible for any copays under the Plan.

## In-Network

The copay based plans have had a medical coinsurance maximum and a pharmacy out-of-pocket maximum. The annual in-network coinsurance maximum for family has been three times the amount of the individual coinsurance maximum; (e.g. $\$ 3,210 \times 3=\$ 9,630$ ). The pharmacy out-ofpocket maximum was the same regardless of whether in network or OON.

## Out-of-Network (OON)

The annual OON coinsurance amount is two times the amount for in network. For example, if the in-network medical coinsurance amount is $\$ 3,210$ for an individual, the OON coinsurance amount is $\$ 6,420$ and for family it is $\$ 19,260$ (\$9,630 x 2).

## Out-of-Pocket Maximums - Non-Grandfathered Plans

## Non-Grandfathered Plans

Under the Affordable Care Act (ACA), non-grandfathered plans have a true out-of-pocket (OOP) maximum meaning that the deductible, as well as any copays, apply toward meeting the out-of-pocket maximum. In addition, there is a cap on the in-network out-of-pocket maximum. For 2017, the OOP maximum for an individual is $\$ 7,150$ and for family it is $\$ 14,300$.

There is no cap on OOP maximums for out-of-network services.
If the Plan applies its traditional method for determining the out-of-pocket maximums to the Enhanced 80/20 Plan and it loses grandfather status, it would exceed the cap. The new approach would be to apply the traditional method up to any applicable cap.

- For example, if the Enhanced 80/20 Plan loses grandfather status, the 2017 OOP max for a family will be $\$ 14,300$, not $\$ 20,5500(\$ 6,850 \times 3)$.


## Recommended Benefit Design - CDHP 85/15 (no change)

|  | Current <br> CY 2016 <br> In-Network <br> Non-Grandfathered | Current <br> CY 2016 <br> Out-of-Network Non-Grandfiathered | Recommended <br> CY 2017 <br> In-Network <br> Non-Grandfathered | Recommended CY 2017 <br> Out-of-Network Non-Grandfathered |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| HRA Starting Balance | \$600 Employee <br> \$1,200 Employee + 1 <br> $\$ 1,800$ Employee +2 or <br> more | \$600 Employee <br> \$1,200 Employee + 1 <br> \$1,800 Employee + 2 or more | \$600 Employee <br> \$1,200 Employee + 1 <br> \$1,800 Employee + 2 or more | \$600 Employee <br> \$1,200 Employee + 1 <br> \$1,800 Employee + 2 or <br> more |
| Annual Deductible | \$1,500 Individual \$4,500 Family | \$3,000 Individual \$9,000 Family | \$1,500 Individual <br> \$4,500 Family | \$3,000 Individual \$9,000 Family |
| Coinsurance | $15 \%$ of eligible expenses after deductible | $35 \%$ of eligible expenses after deductible and the difference between the allowed amount and the charge | $15 \%$ of eligible expenses after deductible | $35 \%$ of eligible expenses after deductible and the difference between the allowed amount and the charge |
| Coinsurance Maximum | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Out-of-Pocket <br> Maximum (Combined Medical and Pharmacy) <br> Includes Deductible | \$3,500 Individual \$10,500 Family | \$7,000 Individual \$21,000 Family | \$3,500 Individual \$10,500 Family | \$7,000 Individual \$21,000 Family |
| ACA Preventive Services | Covered at 100\% | 65\% after deductible | Covered at 100\% | 65\% after deductible |
| Office Visits |  |  |  |  |
| Selected PCP <br> Non-selected PCP | 15\% after deductible+\$25 HRA credit <br> 15\% after deductible+\$20 HRA credit if a B.O.D provider | 35\% after deductible | 15\% after deductible+\$25 HRA credit <br> 15\% after deductible+\$20 HRA credit if a B.O.D provider | 35\% after deductible |

## Recommended Benefit Design - CDHP 85/15 (no change)

|  | Current <br> CY 2016 <br> In-Network <br> Non-Grandfathered | Current <br> CY 2016 <br> Out-of-Network Non-Grandfathered | Recommended <br> CY 2017 <br> In-Network <br> Non-Grandfathered | Recommended CY 2017 <br> Out-of-Network Non-Grandfathered |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Office Visits <br> B.O.D. Specialist. <br> Non-B.O.D. Specialist | $15 \%$ after deductible+\$20 <br> HRA credit (for <br> B.O.D.specialists. <br> $15 \%$ after deductible | 35\% after deductible | $15 \%$ after deductible+\$20 <br> HRA credit (for <br> B.O.D.specialists. <br> $15 \%$ after deductible | 35\% after deductible |
| Urgent Care | 15\% after deductible | 15\% after deductible | 15\% after deductible | 15\% after deductible |
| Emergency Room | 15\% after deductible | 15\% after deductible | 15\% after deductible | 15\% after deductible |
| Outpatient Hospital | 15\% after deductible | 35\% after deductible | 15\% after deductible | 35\% after deductible |
| Inpatient Hospital B.O.D <br> Non-B.O.D. | 15\% after deductible. + \$200 HRA Credit for B.O.D. Hospitals <br> 15\% after deductible | 35\% after deductible | 15\% after deductible. + \$200 HRA Credit for B.O.D. Hospitals <br> 15\% after deductible | 35\% after deductible |
| Therapy Services (Chiro/PT/OT) | 15\% after deductible | 35\% after deductible | 15\% after deductible | 35\% after deductible |
| Drugs | 15\% after deductible CDHP Maintenance Medications are deductible exempt | 35\% after deductible CDHP Maintenance Medications are deductible exempt | 15\% after deductible CDHP Maintenance Medications are deductible exempt | 35\% after deductible CDHP Maintenance Medications are deductible exempt |

## Recommended Benefit Design - Enhanced 80/20 Plan

|  | Current <br> CY 2016 <br> In-Network <br> Grandfathered | Current <br> CY 2016 <br> Out-of-Network Grandfathered | Recommended Value Based Design <br> CY 2017 <br> In-Network <br> Non-Grandfather | Recommended Value Based Design CY 2017 <br> Out-of-Network Non-Grandfather |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Annual Deductible | \$700 Individual \$2,100 Family | \$1,400 Individual \$4,200 Family | \$1,250 Individual \$3,750 Family | \$2,500 Individual \$7,500 Family |
| Coinsurance | 20\% eligible expenses after deductible | $40 \%$ of eligible expenses after deductible and the difference between the allowed amount and the charge | 20\% eligible expenses after deductible | $40 \%$ of eligible expenses after deductible and the difference between the allowed amount and the charge |
| Medical Coinsurance Max <br> Medical Out-of-Pocket Max <br> Pharmacy Out-of-Pocket Max <br> Total Out-of-Pocket Max (Includes Deductible) | \$3,210 Individual/ \$9,630 Family <br> N/A <br> \$2,500 <br> N/A | \$6,420 Individual/ \$19,260 Family <br> N/A <br> \$2,500 <br> N/A | \$4,350 Individual \$13,050 Family <br> \$2,500 <br> \$6,850 Individual \$14,300 Family | N/A <br> \$8,700 Individual \$26,100 Family <br> \$2,500 <br> N/A |
| ACA Preventive Services | Covered at 100\% | Dependent on Service | Covered at 100\% | Dependent on Service |
| Office Visits <br> Selected PCP <br> Non-selected PCP | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 15 \\ & \$ 30 \end{aligned}$ | 40\% after deductible | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 10 \\ & \$ 25 \end{aligned}$ | 40\% after deductible |
| Office Visits B.O.D. Specialist. <br> Non-B.O.D. Specialist | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 60 \\ & \$ 70 \end{aligned}$ | 40\% after deductible | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 45 \\ & \$ 85 \end{aligned}$ | 40\% after deductible |

Recommended Benefit Design - Enhanced 80/20 Plan

|  | Current <br> CY 2016 <br> In-Network Grandfathered | Current <br> CY 2016 <br> Out-of-Network Grandfathered | Recommended Value Based Design CY 2017 <br> In-Network <br> Non-Grandfather | Recommended Value Based Design CY 2017 <br> Out-of-Network Non-Grandfather |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Urgent Care | \$87 | \$87 | \$70 | \$70 |
| Emergency Room (Copay waived w/ admission or observation stay) | \$233, then 20\% after deductible | \$233, then 20\% after deductible | \$300, then 20\% after deductible | \$300, then 20\% after deductible |
| Outpatient Hospital | 20\% after deductible | 40\% after deductible | 20\% after deductible | 40\% after deductible |
| $\frac{\text { Inpatient Hospital }}{\text { B.O.D }}$ <br> Non-B.O.D. | \$0, then 20\% after deductible \$233, then 20\% after deductible | \$233, then 40\% after deductible | \$0, then 20\% after deductible \$450, then 20\% after deductible | \$450, then 40\% after deductible |
| Therapy Services (Chiro/PT/OT) | \$52 | 40\% after deductible | \$52 | 40\% after deductible |
| Drugs <br> Tier 1 (Generic) <br> Tier 2 (Preferred Brand \& High-cost <br> Generic) <br> Tier 3 (Non-preferred Brand) <br> Tier 4 (Low-cost/Generic Specialty) <br> Tier 5 (Preferred Specialty) <br> Tier 6 (Non-preferred Specialty) | $\$ 12$ $\$ 40$ \$64 N/A $25 \%$ up to $\$ 100$ $25 \%$ up to $\$ 132$ | $\$ 12$ $\$ 40$ $\$ 64$ N/A $25 \%$ up to $\$ 100$ $25 \%$ up to $\$ 132$ | $\$ 5$ \$30 (Updated on 6/14/16) Deductible/Coinsurance $\$ 100$ $\$ 250$ Deductible/Coinsurance | $\$ 5$ \$30 (Updated on 6/14/16) Deductible/Coinsurance $\$ 100$ $\$ 250$ Deductible/Coinsurance |

## Recommended Benefit Design - Traditional 70/30 Plan

|  | Current <br> CY 2016 <br> In-Network <br> Grandfathered | Current <br> CY 2016 <br> Out-of-Network Grandfathered | Recommended <br> CY 2017 <br> In-Network <br> Grandfathered | Recommended CY 2017 <br> Out-of-Network Grandfathered |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Annual Deductible | \$1,054 Individual \$3,162 Family | \$2,108 Individual \$6,324 Family | \$1,080 Individual \$3,240 Family | \$2,160 Individual \$4,320 Family |
| Coinsurance | $30 \%$ of eligible expenses after deductible | 50\% of eligible expenses after deductible and the difference between the allowed amount and the charge | 30\% of eligible expenses after deductible | 50\% of eligible expenses after deductible and the difference between the allowed amount and the charge |
| Medical Coinsurance Max <br> Pharmacy Max <br> Out-of-Pocket Max <br> (Includes Deductible) | \$4,282 Individual/\$12,845 Family <br> \$3,294 <br> N/A | \$8,564 Individual/ \$25,692 Family <br> \$3,294 <br> N/A | \$4,388 Individual/ \$13,164 Family \$3,360 Individual/ \$10,080 Family <br> N/A | \$8,776 Individuall \$26,328 Family <br> \$3,360 Individual/ \$10,080 Family |
| ACA Preventive Services | Cost-Sharing Applies (\$39 for Primary Care/\$92 for Specialists) | Only certain services are covered | Cost-Sharing Applies (\$40 for Primary Care \$94 for Specialists) | Only certain services are covered |
| Office Visits PCP Copay | \$39 | 50\% after deductible | \$40 | 50\% after deductible |
| Office Visits Specialist Copay | \$92 | 50\% after deductible | \$94 | 50\% after deductible |

## Recommended Benefit Design - Traditional 70/30 Plan

|  | Current CY 2016 InNetwork Grandfathered | Current <br> CY 2016 Out-of- <br> Network <br> Grandfathered | Recommended <br> CY 2017 <br> In-Network <br> Grandfathered | Recommended CY 2017 <br> Out-of-Network Grandfathered |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Urgent Care | \$98 | \$98 | \$100 | \$100 |
| ER (Copay waived w/ admission or observation stay) | \$329, then 30\% deductible | \$329, then 30\% deductible | \$337, then 30\% deductible | \$337, then 30\% deductible |
| Outpatient Hospital | 30\% after deductible | 50\% after deductible | 30\% after deductible | 50\% after deductible |
| Inpatient Hospital | \$329, then 30\% deductible | \$329, then 50\% deductible | \$337, then deductible/30\% coinsurance | \$337, then deductible/50\% coinsurance |
| Therapy Services (Chiro/PT/OT) | \$72 Copay | deductible/ coinsurance | \$72 Copay | 50\% after deductible |
| Drugs |  |  | Approved 2-5-16 |  |
| Tier 1 (Generic) | \$15 | \$15 | \$16 | \$16 |
| Tier 2 (Preferred Brand \& Highcost Generic) | \$46 | \$46 | \$47 | \$47 |
| Tier 3 (Non-preferred Brand) | \$72 | \$72 | \$74 | \$74 |
| Tier 4 (Low-cost/Generic |  |  |  |  |
| Specialty) | N/A | N/A | 10\% up to \$100 | 10\% up to \$100 |
| Tier 5 (Preferred Specialty) | 25\% up to \$100 | 25\% up to \$100 | 25\% up to \$103 | 25\% up to \$103 |
| Tier 6 (Non-preferred Specialty) | 25\% up to \$132 | 25\% up to \$132 | 25\% up to \$133 | 25\% up to \$133 |

## Blue Options Designated Providers

## What Is a Blue Options Designated Provider?

- Blue Options Designated providers meet BCBSNC criteria for:
- Delivering quality health outcomes
- Cost effectiveness
- Accessibility by members
- The Blue Options Designated provider network includes hospitals and certain types of specialists:
- General Surgery
- Ob-Gyn
- Gastroenterology
- Orthopedics
- Cardiology
- Neurology
- Endocrinology


## Designated Providers: General Surgery



# Designated Providers: Gynecology/OBGYN 



Population Decile


# Designated Providers: Gastroenterology 



## Designated Providers: Orthopedic Surgery



## Designated Providers: Cardiovascular



## Designated Providers: Neurology



## Designated Providers: Endocrinology

Endocrinology


Population Decile


## 2016 Designated Hospitals



Population Decile
$1.000 \quad 10.000$

## BlueOptions

2016 State Health Plan Designated Facility Listing

## Designated for Cost \& Quality

ALAMANCE REGIONAL MEDICAL CENTER BETSY JOHNSON REGIONAL HOSPITAL CAROLINAS MEDICAL CENTER CAROLINAS MEDICAL CENTER-MERCY CAROLINAS MEDICAL CENTER-UNIVERSITY CAROMONT REGIONAL MEDICAL CENTER CATAWBA VALLEY MEDICAL CENTER CENTRAL HARNETT HOSPITAL CMC UNION D.L.P. PERSON MEMORIAL HOSPITAL, LLC FIRSTHEALTH MOORE REGIONAL GRANVILLE MEDICAL CENTER HALIFAX REGIONAL MEDICAL CENTER HARRIS REGIONAL HOSPITAL HAYWOOD REGIONAL MEDICAL HOSPITAL HIGH POINT REGIONAL HOSPITAL HUGH CHATHAM MEMORIAL HOSPITAL LEXINGTON MEMORIAL HOSPITAL MARG R. PARDEE MEMORIAL HOSPITAL NASH GENERAL HOSPITAL NEW HANOVER REGIONAL MEDICAL CENTER NORTH CAROLINA SPECIALTY HOSPITAL NORTHERN HOSPITAL OF SURRY COUNTY NOVANT HEALTH BRUNSWICK MEDICAL CENTER NOVANT HEALTH ROWAN MEDICAL CENTER RANDOLPH HOSPITAL UNC HOSPITALS VIDANT BEAUFORT HOSPITAL

## Designated for Critical Access

ALLEGHANY COUNTY MEMORIAL HOSPITAL

## ANGEL MEDICAL CENTER

ASHE MEMORIAL HOSPITAL
BLADEN COUNTY HOSPITAL
BLUE RIDGE REGIONAL HOSPITAL
CHARLES A. CANNON, JR. MEMORIAL HOSPITAL
CHATHAM HOSPITAL
DOSHER MEMORIAL HOSPITAL
FIRSTHEALTH MONTGOMERY MEM HOSP
HIGHLANDS CASHIERS HOSPITAL
MURPHY MEDICAL CENTER, INC.
PENDER MEMORIAL HOSPITAL
PIONEER COMMUNITY HOSPITAL OF STOKE ST LUKES HOSPITAL
SWAIN COUNTY HOSPITAL
THE OUTER BANKS HOSPITAL, INC.
TRANSYLVANIA COMMUNITY HOSPITAL
VIDANT BERTIE HOSPITAL
VIDANT CHOWAN HOSPITAL
WASHINGTON COUNTY HOSPITAL

If you select one of these hospitals and are enrolled in the following plans you will receive:
-The Enhanced 80/20 Plan: Your Inpatient Admission Co- Pay will not be applied
-The Consumer-Directed Health Plan: You will receive \$200 added to your HRA

These are NOT the only in-network hospitals. To find a complete list of in-network hospitals, visit www.shpnc.org and select - Find a Doctor.

## Summary of Options Considered for Enhanced 80/20 Plan

## 2017 Benefit Design Options Considered - Enhanced 80/20 Plan



## Alternate Value Based Design with Modifications - Enhanced 80/20 Plan

$\left.\begin{array}{|l|c|c|c|}\hline \begin{array}{l}\text { B.O.D }=\text { B/ue Options } \\ \text { Designated Provider }\end{array} & \begin{array}{c}\text { Alternate } \\ \text { Value Based Design } \\ \text { Non-Grandfathered }\end{array} & \begin{array}{c}\text { Modified Option \#1 } \\ \text { Alternate } \\ \text { Value Based Design } \\ \text { Non-Grandfathered }\end{array} & \begin{array}{c}\text { Modified Option \#2 } \\ \text { Alternate }\end{array} \\ \hline \text { Value Based Design } \\ \text { Non-Grandfathered }\end{array}\right]$

## April 27, 2016 Proposal with Modifications - Enhanced 80/20

| B.O.D $=$ Blue Options <br> Designated Provider | April 27, 2016 <br> Proposed <br> Value Based Design <br> Non-Grandfathered | Modified Option \#1 <br> April 27, 2016 <br> Proposed <br> Value Based Design <br> Non-Grandfathered | Modified Option \#2 <br> April 27, <br> Proposed |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Vase |  |  |  |

## Caveat Regarding Base Premium Modifications

- The increases in the Enhanced 80/20 Plan base premium referenced on the previous pages are relative to the current base premium rate in effect for CY 2016.
- If the General Assembly allocates funds for FY 2016-17 to increase the employer contribution by $3.43 \%$ then Plan staff will likely recommend a $3.43 \%$ across the board premium increase that would further impact the Enhanced 80/20 base premium as well as all of the dependent tiers.


## Forecast Scenarios: Open Formulary* \& Design Options

|  | No Additional Action Grandfathered |  | Alternate Across the Board Increases in Cost Sharing Grandfathered |  | April 27, 2016 Proposed <br> Value Based Design Non-Grandfathered |  | Alternate <br> Value Based Design Non-Grandfathered |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | ER | EE | ER | EE | ER | EE | ER | EE |
| CY 2017 Projected Increase | 0.00\% | 0.00\% | 0.0\% | 0.00\% | 0.0\% | 0.00\% | 0.0\% | 0.00\% |
| Max Amount Short of 20\% Reserve ( $1^{\text {st }}$ Month short) | $\begin{gathered} \$ 83.1 \mathrm{M} \\ \text { (April 2017) } \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \$ 52.5 \mathrm{M} \\ \text { (May 2017) } \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \$ 49.9 \mathrm{M} \\ \text { (May 2017) } \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \$ 52.7 \mathrm{M} \\ \text { (May 2017) } \end{gathered}$ |  |
| CY 2018 Projected Increase | 12.71\% | 12.71\% | 10.22\% | 10.22\% | 9.63\% | 9.63\% | 9.97\% | 9.97\% |
| CY 2019 Projected Increase | 12.71\% | 12.71\% | 10.22\% | 10.22\% | 9.63\% | 9.63\% | 9.97\% | 9.97\% |
| CY 2020 Projected Increase | 6.02\% | 6.02\% | 7.53\% | 7.53\% | 7.91\% | 7.91\% | 7.70\% | 7.70\% |
| CY 2021 Projected Increase | 6.02\% | 6.02\% | 7.53\% | 7.53\% | 7.91\% | 7.91\% | 7.70\% | 7.70\% |

$E R=$ employer contribution, $E E=$ employee premium

[^1]
[^0]:    *An "engaged member" has completed all wellness activities to receive premium credits and uses their selected PCP and Blue Options Designated providers. A "non-engaged member" has earned no premium credits and does not use a selected PCP or Blue Options Designated providers.

[^1]:    * Assumes $100 \%$ of the projected savings for discount guarantees and $50 \%$ of the projected savings for pharmacy rebates; savings begin to accrue one month after $1 / 1 / 2017$ start of contract

